No. of Printed Pages: 02

(A-36)

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

M. Sc. (Integrated) Biotechnology - Severth Semester Examination Tuesday, 12th April, 2016.

2:30 p.m. to 5:30 p.m.

PS07CIGIB2: ANIMAL TISSUE CULTURE TECHNOLOGY

| Note | | igures to right indicate marks. | | |
|-------|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| | (ii) A | all questions are compulsory. | Total Marks: 70 | |
| Q – 1 | Cho | ose the most appropriate alternati | ve for the following: (08) | |
| | 1. | Which laminar air flow unit provi | ding sterilization to the operator while dealing | |
| | | with hazards materials. | 1. | |
| | | a) Horizontal | b) Vertical | |
| | | c) Both of above | d) None of above | |
| | 2. | Glucose is added to the tissue cult | ure media as | |
| | | a) growth regulator | b) carbon source | |
| | | c) solidifying agent | d) an antibiotic | |
| | 3. | Cells floating freely in the culture | medium are known as culture system. | |
| | | a) confluence | b) suspension | |
| | | c) monolayer | d) parallel | |
| | 4. | The cell line having limited life sp | , <u>-</u> | |
| | | a) infinite cell line | b) finite cell line | |
| | | c) transformed cell line | d) cancerous cell line | |
| | 5. | The growth of | contaminant is not observed under | |
| | | microscope. | | |
| | | a) fungal | b) bacterial | |
| | | e) cross contamination | d) mycoplasma | |
| | 6. | Monoclonal antibodies are usually | produced from | |
| | | a) myeloma cells | b) hybridoma cells | |
| | | c) monocytes | d) adipocytes | |
| | 7. Which stem cells are known as pluripotent stem cells? | | | |
| | | a) Adult stem cells | b) Somatic stem cells | |
| | | c) Embryonic stem cells | d) All of above | |
| | 8. | Cells come from the body of a dor | nor of the same species is known as | |
| | | a) Autologus | b) Allogenic | |
| | | c) Xenogenic | d) Syngenic | |
| | | | | |

| Q-2 | Attempt ANY SEVEN from the following: | | | | |
|-------|---------------------------------------|---|------|--|--|
| | 1. | Enlist the applications of animal tissue culture. | | | |
| | 2. | Write the significance of CO ₂ incubator in animal tissue culture. | | | |
| | 3. | Narrate about natural media. | | | |
| | 4. | Write the mechanical disaggregation techniques. | | | |
| | 5. | Write the criteria for sub-culture. | | | |
| | 6. | Enlist the cell viability and survival cytotoxicity assays. | | | |
| | 7. | Enlist the sources of contamination in animal tissue culture. | | | |
| | 8. | Enlist the applications of tissue engineering in brief. | | | |
| | 9. | Give a brief note on cryptic contamination. | | | |
| Q-3 | (a) | Enlist and explain the significant role of essential instruments that are used in Animal tissue culture lab. | | | |
| | (b) | Explain the physico-chemical properties of culture media. | (06) | | |
| | | OR | | | |
| | (b) | Write a note on balanced salt solutions. | (06) | | |
| Q – 4 | (a) | Give a detailed account of trypsinization disaggregation techniques. | (06) | | |
| | (b) | Define the term passaging and explain the sub culture method for monolayer cells. | (06) | | |
| | | OR | | | |
| | (b) | Write an explanatory note on organ culture. | (06) | | |
| Q – 5 | (a) | Explain the basic steps for cryopreservation and its applications. | (06) | | |
| | (b) | Give a detailed account on cell separation methods. | (06) | | |
| | | OR | (/ | | |
| | (b) | Define 'cytotoxicity'? Elaborate various cytotoxicity assays based on membrane integrity. | (06) | | |
| Q – 6 | (a) | Explain the hybridoma technology for Monoclonal antibody production and enlist various diagnostic and therapeutic applications of MABs. | | | |
| | (b) | Discuss the various materials used for preparation of scaffolds for tissue engineering. | (06) | | |
| | | OR | | | |
| | (b) | Write a short note on stem cell and its applications. | (06) | | |
