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(A-90) SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

M.Sc. (Polymer Science Technology) Semester-IV Examination-2015

Saturday, 18th April-2015

02:30 P.M. to 05:30 P.M.

PS04CPST08: POLYMER RHEOLOGY

Total Marks: 70

Note: (1) Attempt all questions.

(2) Figures to the right indicate marks.

Q.1 Answer the following multiple choice questions.

08

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- (1) Chain _____ must have sufficient thermal energy for motion.
 - (1) segment (2) part (3) molecule (4) All.
- (2) In Greek "rheo" meaning _____.

(i) flow (ii) slow (iii) viscosity (iv) melt.

(3) The ratio of stress to corresponding strain below proportional limit of material is known as ______.

(i) modulus (ii) modulus of elasticity (iii) elasto-viscous (iv) creep

(4) Polymer exhibits a time dependant strain response to a constant applied stress. This behavior is called _____.

(1) fatigue (2) creep (3) Bingham plastics (4) modulus.

(5) _____ have a lower apparent viscosity at higher shear rate.

(1) Newtonian fluid (2) Dilatants fluid (3) Bingham plastics (4) Pseudoplastic fluid.

(6) As pressure of polymer melt increases the melt viscosity will _____.

(i) increase (ii) decrease (iii) first increase and then decrease (iv) constant.

(7) Surface irregularity is known as _____.

(i) Die swell (ii) parison sag (iii) sharkskin (iv) All.

(8) $\tau =$ _____. (i) $\frac{r}{R} \times \tau_w$ (ii) $r \times R \times \tau_w$ (iii) $\frac{rR}{\tau_w}$ (iv) $\frac{R}{r} \times \tau_w$

Q.2

- (1) Define rheology and state its importance in processing of plastics materials.
- (2) Give the reasons and assumption for deriving relationships for flow through channel of simple cross-section.
- (3) Explain the flow properties of polyethylene.

Attempt any seven of the following.

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- (4) Explain in detail time dependent fluid.
- (5) Write a note on torque rheometer.
- (6) Why polymeric liquids are non-newtonian?
- (7) How is Weissenberg effect observed? Explain.
- (8) What do you mean by rheological equation of state and volume viscosity?
- (9) Explain the term thixotropic and antithixotropic fluid.
- Q.3 (a) Derive Rabinowitch equation used for flow through capillary.
 - (b) Answer following.
 - 1. Derive the relation used for the shear stress at the wall during flow through parallel plate.
 - 2. Write a note on principle and working of a capillary rheometer

OR

- (b) Answer the following.
 - 1. Define sharkskin. How it can be reduced during polymer processing?
 - 2. What do you mean by die swell? How did it measured? Explain the effects of die swell in polymer processing.
- Q.4 (a) Discuss the effects of temperature and molecular structure on viscous flow of 06 polymer melts.

(b) Derive
$$Q = hVd - \frac{h^3}{12\eta} \frac{dp}{dx}$$
 for calendaring process.

OR

- (b) Solve the following.
 - 1. A rectangular box of 150mm long, 100mm wide, and 60mm deep is to be thermoformed from flat sheet of $150mm \times 100mm \times 2mm$ Estimate the average thickness of the walls of the final product if conventional vacuum forming is used.
 - 2. Find the wall thickness of blow moulded container made using a parison die of inner diameter 40mm and outer diameter of 44mm. Parison wall thickness to die swell ratio is 2.3 and the container mould has a diameter of 100mm.
- Q.5 (a) What is melt fracture? How does it occur? Explain the effects of molecular 06 weight distribution, branching, and die shape on melt fracture.
 - (b) How strain enhancement under constant stress of viscoelastic materials can be 06 understood using Kelvin-Voight model.

OR

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- (b) Explain following.
 - 1. Bingham plastics, Dilatant fluid and Pseudoplastic fluid
 - 2. Cone-Plate Rheometer
- Q.6 (a) Write a note on melting, material transfer, shaping and finishing in polymer 06 melt process
 - (b) Discuss the flow properties of following polymers: 06(i) Polypropylene (ii) PVC (iii) Polyamide. 06

06

OR

(b) Explain the effects of chain stiffness, conformation and molecular weight 06 distribution on flow properties of thermoplastic polymer.
