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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY B.Sc. (I Semester) (NC) Examination INSTRUMENTATION (VOC.)

INSTRUMENTATION (VOC.) Monday, 18th April 2016 2.30 am - 4.30 pm

US01CINV01 : Basic Electronics Instruments

Total Marks: 70

Q-1		Choose the correct answer from given	n.	[10]
	1.	is negative co-efficient o		
		(A) LDR	(C) both (A) & (B)	
		(B) Thermistor	(D) none of above	
	2.	Capacitive reactance passessigna	al and block signal.	
		(A) DC,AC		
		(B) Low voltage ac, high voltage dc	(D) None of above	
	3.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
		resistance value of resistor.		
		(A) 8.6Ω +/- 10 %	(C) 8.7Ω +/- 5 %	
			(D) None of above	
	4.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
		(A) increase	(C) constant	
		(B) decrease	(D) None of above	
	5.			
		(A) Over	(c) ention	
		(B) Under	(D) None of above	
	6.	Resistor is used for high wa		
		(A) Thin film	(C) Thick film	
		(B) Wire wound	(D) None of above	
	7.			
		-power supply.		
		(A) Fitter chock	(C) Audio frequency chock	
		(B) Radio frequency chock	(D) None of above	
	8.	As distance between two plates of a capacitor is increased, its capacitance value is		
		(A) increased	(C) constant	
		(B) decreased	(D) None of above	
	9.	Sensitivity of DC current meter depend	t e	
		(A) Resistance of coil	(C) Inductance of coil	
		(B) Applied voltage	(D) None of above	
	10.	Torque produced in the coil of PMMC		
		(A) Resistance of coil	(C) Shunt resistance	
		(B) Coil area	(D) None of above	
Q-2		Short answer type question. (attempt any TEN)		
V -	1,	List application of variable resistance.	any leny	[20]
	2.	Define active and passive components.		
	3.	Briefly explain thermistors.		
	4.	Define Mutual induction.		
	5.	Draw the variable capacitor symbol.		
		1. Gang capacitor, 2. Trimmer capa	citor.	
	6.	Briefly explain series connected induct		



	7.	Which factors depends on motion of the moving coil in a magnetic field?	
	8. 9.	Write uses of moving coil galvanometer.	
	9. 10.	Write an expression for torque produced by the coil and explain it.	
		Draw the circuit of multiage voltmeter.	
	11.	Define voltmeter sensitivity.	
	12.	Briefly explain Digital multimeter.	
Q-3	(A)	Explain Wheatstone bridge method and derive an expression for unknown resistance.	[5]
	(B)	Discuss series and parallel connected resistor.	[5]
		OR	101
Q-3	(A)	List fixed types resistor and explain any two with necessary figure.	[5]
	(B)	Explain voltmeter-ammeter method for resistance measurement.	[5]
			[~]
Q-4	(A)	What is capacitance of capacitor?	171
		And Explain: 1. Paper capacitor and	171
		2. Mica capacitor in detail.	
	(B)	Explain capacitive reactance.	[3]
		OR	
Q-4	(A)	Enlist fixed type an inductor coil and explain it with necessary figure.	[7]
	(B)	Explain chokes coil.	[3]
_			[-]
Q-5	(A)	Discuss construction and working of suspended type galvanometer.	[6]
	(B)	Discuss Damping mechanism used in PMMC movements.	[4]
		OR	
Q-5	(A)	Discuss Deflation Torque and Dynamic behavior of galvanometer.	[6]
	(B)	Discuss Temperature compensation in PMMC movements.	[4]
Q-6	(A)	Explain how the PMMC galvanamater is accounted to a XI to	
~ ~	(B)	Explain how the PMMC galvanometer is converted in to Voltmeter. A PMMC movement with 100 Ω coil resistance and 1 mA full scale deflection current	[5]
	(2)	is to be converted in to a multirange voltmeter with voltage ranges of	[5]
		0-10 V, 0-50 V, and 0-250 V and 0-500 V. calculate the resistance of multiplier.	
		OR	
Q-6	(A)	Explain how the PMMC galvanometer is converted in to an ammeter.	
	(B)	A 1 mA PMMC movement with an internal resistance of 100 Ω is converted	[5]
	` '	In to 0-100 mA animeter. Calculate the value of shirpt resistance	[5]

