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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY BBA [GEN] VIth SEM [NC]

Advanced Financial Management II UM06EBBA02/07 [For 2010 Batch] 21st March, 2017, Tyesday

Time: 2.00 to 4.00 P.M.

Marks: 60

Q1A. What is Capital Structure? Describe the guiding principles of Capital [10] Structure decisions.

Q1B. Write a note on NOI Approach.

[05]

OR

Following are given EBIT, Interest and Ke Calculate Overall Cost and [15] Q1. Value of the firm.

| Type of Firm | EBIT [Rs.] | Interest @ 10% | Ke |
|--------------|------------|----------------|-----|
| W | 2,00,000 | 20,000 | 12% |
| X | 3,00,000 | 60,000 | 16% |
| . Y | 5,00,000 | 2,00,000 | 15% |
| Z | 6,00,000 | 2,40,000 | 18% |

Explain the forms of Dividend with the variables influencing Dividend [15] Q2. Decision.

OR

The results regarding three companies are given below. Q2.

 $\lceil 15 \rceil$

| Growth Ltd. | Normal Ltd. | Declining Ltd. |
|-------------|-------------|----------------|
| r > Ke | r = Ke | r < Ke |
| r = 0.15 | r = 0.10 | r = 0.08 |
| Ke = 0.10 | Ke = 0.10 | Ke = 0.10 |
| E = Rs. 10 | E = Rs. 10 | E = Rs. 10 |

Find out market price of an Equity share of each of these companies applying Gordon's formula when dividend payout ratio is 40%, 60% and 90% comment on results.

Q3A. "The certainty equivalent approach is theoretically superior to the Risk Adjusted discount rate Approach" Do you agree? Why?

[80]

Q3B. Explain the steps involved in Decision Tree Analysis.

[07]

OR

Q3A. Mr X is considering an investment which required a current outlay of [08] Rs. 25000 expected value and standard deviation are as follows.

| Year | Expected Value [Rs.] | Standard Deviation |
|------|----------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | 12000 | 5000 |
| 2 . | 10000 | 6000 |
| 3 | 9000 | 5000 |
| 4 | 8000 | 6000 |

The Cash flows are perfectly co-related. Calculate expected NPV and Standard Deviation of NPV of this investment where risk free return is 8%.

Q3B. Z Ltd. provides the following data for cash flow. Company follow

[07]

Certainty Equivalent Approach in risk analysis.

| Year | CFAT [Rs.] | Certainty Equivalent |
|------|------------|----------------------|
| 0 | 1000 | 1 |
| 1 | 700 | 0.8 |
| 2 | 800 | 0.7 |
| 3 | 650 | 0.6 |
| 4 | 600 | 0.4 |
| 5 | 400 | 0.3 |

The firms Cost of Capital are 18% and Cost of Debt is 9% and the risk less ROR is 6%. Should the proposal be expected?

Q4. Explain the Internal and External Techniques of Foreign Exchange Risk Management [15]

OR

Q4. Write Short Notes on the following.

[15]

- A. Interest Rate Theory
- B. Inflation Rate Theory
- C. International Fisher Effect Theory.