Total marks: 60

## Que. 1

( 15 Marks)
Explain the Meaning \& Advantages of Cost Accounting? How it is differ from financial accounting?

## OR

Que. 1
(15 Marks)
Explain the Objectives of Cost Accounting and Cost Classification in detail.

## Que. 2 (A)

(09 Marks)
A worker is allowed 9 hours to complete a job on time wage system. He completed the job in 6 hours on piece wage system. His time wage is 75 paisa per hour.
Material cost is Rs. 12 and factory overheads are recovers at $150 \%$ of the direct wages.
Calculate factory cost of product under:
(1) Piece Wage Plan
(2) Halsey Wage Plan
(3) Rowan Wage Plan

## Que. 2 (B)

Explain the difference between Time Wage System \& Piece Wage System.

## OR

Que. 2 (A)
(06 Marks)
Write Note on: Economic Order Quantity

## Que. 2 (B)

(09 Marks)
Determine various inventory levels from followings:
Ordering Quantity - 3600 Units
Reorder Period - 3 to 5 weeks
Maximum Consumption - 900 units per week
Minimum Consumption - 300 Units per week
Normal Consumption - 600 units per week

Que. 3
(15 Marks)
In the factory of Yash Ltd. there are three production department A, B and C and two service department $D$ and E . The details of the expenses during March 2009 are as under.

| Power | 36,000 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Depreciation of Machine | 29,700 |
| Rent | 20,000 |


| Particular | A | B | C | D | E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost of machine (Rs.) | 72,000 | 48,000 | 36,000 | 1,200 | 1,200 |
| Horse power of machine | 4 | 6 | 2 | - | - |
| Space occupied sq. ft. | 600 | 400 | 500 | 300 | 200 |

The benefit of service department D and E is derived by the other departments in the following proportion.

| Department | A | B | C | D | E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D | $20 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $40 \%$ | - | $10 \%$ |
| E | $30 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $30 \%$ | - | - |

Prepare as statement showing:
(1) Distribution of overhead to various departments.
(2) Distribution of expenses of service department to production departments as per repeated redistribution method.

```
                                    OR
```

Que. 3 (A)
(07Marks)
In a manufacturing firm, there are three production and two service departments, overheads and the percentage of benefit derived of service departments are given below;

| Particulars | Production department |  | Service department |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ |
| Total over heads | 30,000 | 20,000 | 15,000 | 4,000 | 3,000 |
| Benefit from dept. X | $40 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $30 \%$ | - | $10 \%$ |
| Benefit from dept. Y | $30 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $20 \%$ | - |

Distribute overheads of service departments among production departments by using repeated distribution method.

Que. 3 (B)
(08Marks)
The following expenses have been incurred from a shop.

## Rent

Power consumption @ Rs. 0.10 per unit
Repairs
Lighting of shop
Supervisor's salary
Lubricants
Depreciation
Hire-purchase installment
(Including interest of Rs.300)
Machine consumes 10 units of power per hour. Calculate Machine Hour Rate.

Que. 4
Yogesh Co. provides following information about his production cost per unit:
$\begin{array}{ll} \\ & 30.00\end{array}$
Wages
Factory overhead expenses $25 \%$ of prime cost $\quad 6.00$
Office overhead expenses 2.50

Selling and distribution expenses
Profit and Loss Account as per Financial Account is as per under:
Dr.


You are required to prepare a statement of cost, Reconciliation statement of both the profit.
OR

Que. 4

## (15 Marks)

Profit and Loss Account of Jay Co.. Ltd. ended on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2012 was as under:

| Particulars | Debit Rs. | Particulars | Credit Rs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Materials consumed | 1,37,000 | Sales (6000 units) | 3,00,000 |
| Wages. | 75,500 | Closing stock of finished |  |
|  |  | Goods(500 Units) | 8,000 |
| Factory expenses | 41,500 |  |  |
| Office expenses | 19,120 |  |  |
| Selling expenses | 22,500 |  |  |
| Expenses written off: |  |  |  |
| Goodwill | 2,000 |  |  |
| Pre.expenses | 1,000 | Rent received | 6,900 |
| Net profit | 16,280 |  |  |
|  | 3,14,900 |  | 3,14,900 |

In cost accounts of company: Factory expenses 20 percent on prime cost, office expenses at the rate of Rs. $0-60$ per unit produced and selling expenses at the rate of Rs. $0-80$ per unit sold are recovered.

Find out profit by preparing cost sheet and prepare reconciliation statement to compare it with profit as per financial accounts.

