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**SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY**  
**FY BBA (II SEM.) (IB) (CBCS) EXAMINATION**  
**Saturday, 2nd April 2016**  
**02:30 pm to 04:30 pm**  
**UM02CBBB06: Business Statistics**

Total Marks: 60

Note: Graph papers should be provided on request.

- Q1 A Distinguish between primary and secondary data. [4]  
B The mean marks in statistics of 100 students in a class were 72. The mean of marks of boys was 75, while their number was 70. Find the mean marks of girls in the class. [5]  
C From the following information find missing frequencies if given that the mean is 1.46. [6]

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	Total
f	46	?	?	25	10	5	200

OR

- Q1 A Define Statistics and write its scopes. [4]  
B From the prices of shares of X and Y given below, state which share is more stable in value. [5]

Share A	55	54	52	53	56	58	52	50	51	49
Share B	108	107	105	105	106	107	104	103	104	101

- C From the following information : [6]  

Factory	average wages(weekly)	SD	no. of wage earners
A	34.5	5.0	476
B	28.5	4.5	524

Determine  
(1) Which factory A or B pays out larger amount as weekly wages?  
(2) What is the average wages of all workers in both factories together?  
(3) Find the coefficient of variation for both the factories & interpret it?  
Q2 A What do you mean by LPP? Write its limitations. [4]  
B Two products A and B are to be manufactured by a firm. Each of these products required processing on two machines M1 & M2. Product A required 5 hrs on machine M1 & 6 hrs on machine M2. Product B required 7 hrs on machine M1 & 2 hrs on machine M2. The available capacity per month is 120 hrs & 100 hrs for machine M1 & M2 respectively. The Profits per unit is Rs.10 & Rs.5 on product A & B respectively. Formulate the problem as a lpp. [5]  
C Solve the following lpp by graphical method [6]  
Max  $Z = 70x + 100y$   
Subject to  $3x + 4y \leq 2100$ ;  $4x + 3y \leq 2100$ ;  $x \leq 450$ ;  $y \leq 450$   
 $x, y \geq 0$

OR

- Q2 A Define Operation research. State its characteristics. [4]  
B Two products P1 & P2 are to be manufactured by a firm. Profits on p1 & p2 are Rs.30 & Rs.20 respectively. The products are to be processed on [5]

two machines first on milling machine & other on surface grinder. The capacities & the time required to produce a unit are as follow:

	P1	P2	Capacity
Milling machine	3 hours	1 hour	1500 man hrs/month
Surface grinder	1 hour	1 hour	1000 man hrs/month

Formulate the problem as a lpp.

- C Solve the following lpp by graphical method [6]  
 Min  $Z = 5000x + 7000y$   
 Subject to  $10x + 12y \geq 500$ ;  $20x + 12y \geq 600$ ;  $20x + 40y \geq 1400$   
 $x, y \geq 0$

- Q3 A Describe the transportation problem with its general form. [6]  
 B Solve the TP by (1)North-West Corner and [9]  
 (2) Vogel's Approximation Method.

	D	E	F	G	supply
A	19	30	50	10	50
B	70	30	40	60	90
C	40	8	70	20	60
demand	50	60	50	40	200

OR

- Q3 A Discuss the assignment problem with its general form. [6]  
 B Solve the following assignment problem. [9]

Jobs → workers ↓	I	II	III	IV
A	0	7	14	21
B	12	17	22	27
C	12	17	22	27
D	18	22	26	30

- Q4 A Define time series. Write it's propose of analysis. [6]  
 B Determine trend for the following by 3 year moving average method. [9]  
 Years: 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000  
 Prices: 120 122 124 126 225 224 334 444 333 111 222

OR

- Q4 A Discuss any one component of time series in brief. [6]  
 B Find the seasonal variations by simple average method for the following : [9]

years	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
1992	29	23	34	44
1993	23	33	45	35
1994	34	43	21	23
1995	12	13	11	24

$$\bar{X} = \frac{\sum X}{n}$$