SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY<br>FYBBA (I Semester) Examination<br>Friday, 15 June 2012<br>11am-1pm<br>UM01CBBS07-BUSINESS MATHEMATICS

Total Marks :60
Q. 1
(a) If $\mathrm{A}=(-3,-2,2,0)$ and
$b=(3,2,-2,0)$ then find
(1) AXB (2) AUB (3) A B
(4) A-B
(b) State the associative and distributive law for three sets $A, B, C$ and verify them
by taking
$\mathrm{A}=(1,2,5,6,8), \mathrm{B}=(2,4,6,10,11)$ and
$\mathrm{C}=(1,2,3,5,6,11,12)$
(c) Prove that $\sqrt{2}$ an is an irrational number.
Q. 1
(a) Express

1. 0.1666 $\qquad$ in to a quotient furm.
2. $\leq / x-31<2$ in the furm of an interval.
(b) Define the terms with example
3. Subset
4. Singleton set
5. Null set
6. Union of two sets 5. Difference of two sets 6. Complement of a Set.
(c) If $\mathrm{A}=(1,2)$ and $\mathrm{B}=(3,4)$ then find AXB and BxA .
Q. 2
(a) Write the properties of Determiant.
(b)

If $A=\left[\begin{array}{ll}3 & 2 \\ 5 & 3\end{array}\right] \quad$ and $B=\left[\begin{array}{ll}3 & 2 \\ 2 & 1\end{array}\right]$
then find $A B+B^{-1} A^{-1}$
(c)

If $A=\left[\begin{array}{ll}4 & 2 \\ -1 & 3 \\ 2 & 0\end{array}\right] \quad\left[\begin{array}{ll}-2 & 5 \\ 3 & -1 \\ 5 & 2\end{array}\right]$
and $C=\left[\begin{array}{ll}2 & 4 \\ -1 & -5 \\ 3 & -2\end{array}\right]$
then find

1. $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}$ 2. $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{C} \quad$ 3. $3 \mathrm{~A}-2 \mathrm{~B}+2 \mathrm{C}$

## OR

Q. 2
(a) Find the value of K

If $\left|\begin{array}{lll}1 & 2 & 5 \\ 2 & K & 0 \\ 7 & 14 & 9\end{array}\right|=\left|\begin{array}{lll}16 & 8 & 26 \\ 6 & 3 & 7 \\ 2 & 1 & 4\end{array}\right|$
(b) Solve the following equations by cramer's rule.
$3 x+4 y=6 x y$
$2 x+5 y=5 x y$
(c) Solve the following equations using inverse of a matrix
$2 x+y=4$
$5 x+3 y=9$
Q. 3
(a) Find X if the distance between $\mathrm{P}(-3,-2)$ and $\mathrm{X}(\mathrm{X}, 1)$ is
(b) Find the equation of a line passing through the points $(-1,2)$ and $(5,-3)$. Find
its slope and intercepts on the axes.
(c) A line passes through the point of intersection of the lines $\mathrm{X}+2 \mathrm{y}-1=0$ and
$2 \mathrm{X}+3 \mathrm{Y}-4=0$ and it makes equal intercepts on both the axes. Find the equation
(c) A line passes through the point of intersection of the lines $\mathrm{X}+2 \mathrm{y}-1=0$ and
$2 \mathrm{X}+3 \mathrm{Y}-4=0$ and it makes equal intercepts on both the axes. Find the equation of a line and its slope.

## OR

Q. 3
(a) Find the equation of a line passes through the point of intersection of $5 \mathrm{X}+\mathrm{Y}+4=0$ and $2 \mathrm{X}+3 \mathrm{Y}-1=0$ and is perpendicular to $2 \mathrm{X}-\mathrm{Y}-8=0$
(b) Determine the particular value of parameter K, if

1. $3 \mathrm{Kx}+5 \mathrm{y}+\mathrm{k}=0$ passes through the point $(-1,4)$
2. $4 x-k y-7$ has the slope 3 .
(c) Let $P(1,2)$ and $x(-1,-2)$ be given point. Find the slope of a line which is perpendicular to the line PQ .

## Q. 4

(a) Evaluate

1. $\lim _{\mathrm{x} \rightarrow 1} \frac{\mathrm{x}^{3}-1}{\mathrm{x}^{2}-1}$
2. $\lim _{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{1-x}{1-\sqrt{x}}$
3. $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{\mathrm{x}^{2}+\mathrm{x}-3-\mathrm{xc}}}{\mathrm{x}-2}$
(b) Write the rules for limit.

## OR

Q. 4
(a) Evaluate

1. $\lim _{\mathrm{x} \rightarrow 20} \frac{1^{2}+2^{2}+\ldots+\mathrm{n}^{2}}{2 \mathrm{n} 3}$
2. $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^{5 x}-5^{2 x}}{2^{2 x}-2^{3 x}}$
(b) If $f(x)=\frac{1}{x}$ then

Find lim
$x \rightarrow 3 \quad[\mathrm{f}(1 / \mathrm{x})+\mathrm{f}(-\mathrm{x})]$

